

# HOM calculations and cavity measurements.

## 1. Cavity modeling.

1.1. Cavity HFSS calculations of the model with all couplers.

1.2. Single and double full size Cu cavity HOM measurements.

1.3. Analysis of the calculations and measurements.

## 2. 3 cell cavity tuning and cold tests.

## 3. Nb 9cell cavity RF QC during and after production.

3.1. Half cells and Dumbbells RF QC.

3.2. Incoming RF QC. 1 day

3.2. Main RF tuning after basic (80 micron) BCP. 4 days

3.3 Final RF QC on dressed cavity. 1 day

## 4. Cold tests.

4.1. Vertical tests, Q vs. T (design  $Q > 2e9$  at 1.8K), Q vs. E ( $E_{acc} > 15$  MV/m) 4 days

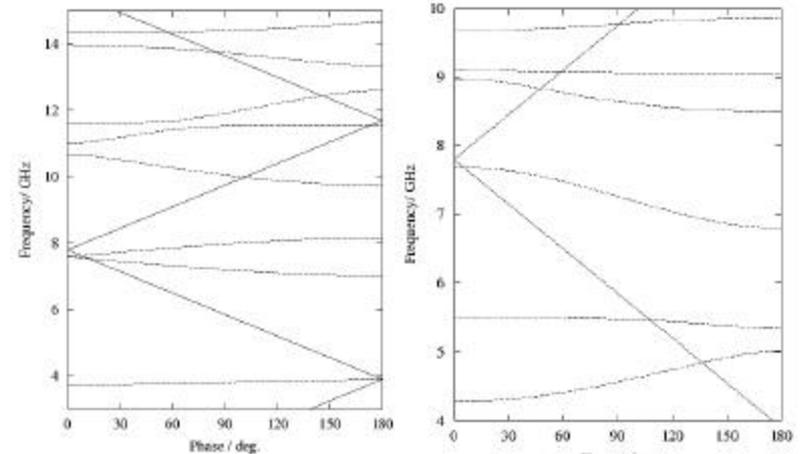
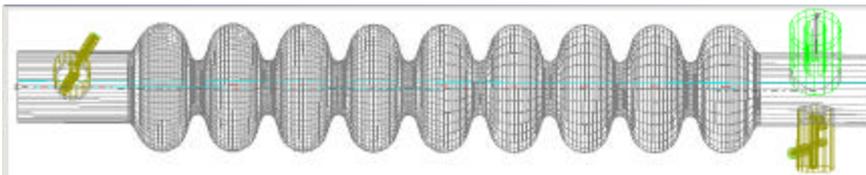
4.1. Horizontal test. 4 days

# Cavity HFSS calculations of the model with all couplers.

HFSS 3D 9 cells cavity model with:

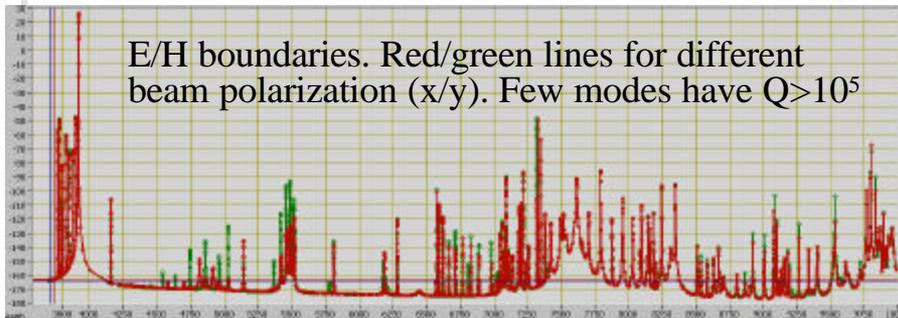
- 2 High Order Mode (HOM) couplers,
- matched Main coupler port,
- different type of beam pipe terminations,
- distributed and phased current sources.

Calculations in driven mode.



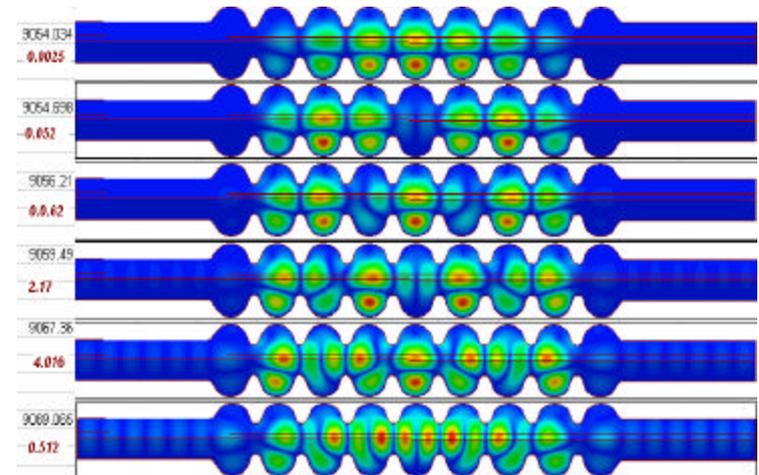
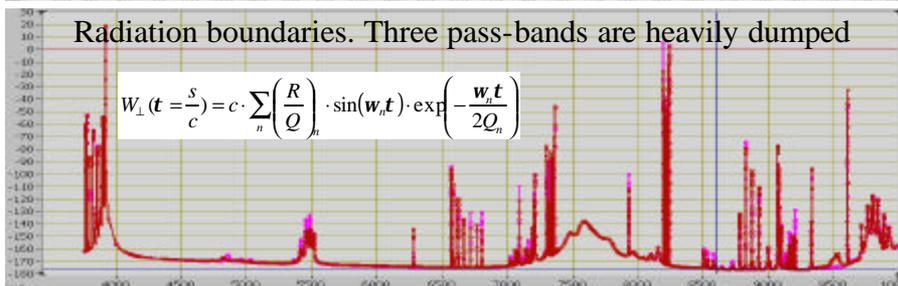
Monopole(left) and Dipole (right) passbands for mid-cell of the 3<sup>rd</sup> harmonic cavity

E/H boundaries. Red/green lines for different beam polarization (x/y). Few modes have  $Q > 10^5$



Radiation boundaries. Three pass-bands are heavily dumped

$$W_{\perp}(t = \frac{s}{c}) = c \cdot \sum_n \left( \frac{R}{Q} \right)_n \cdot \sin(w_n t) \cdot \exp\left( -\frac{w_n t}{2Q_n} \right)$$



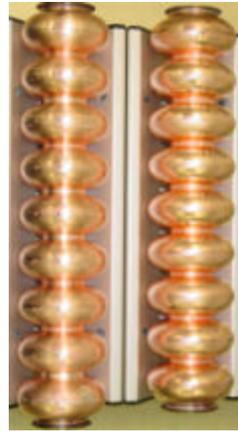
Trapped modes in 5<sup>th</sup> dipole passband

# Single and double full size Cu cavity HOM measurements.

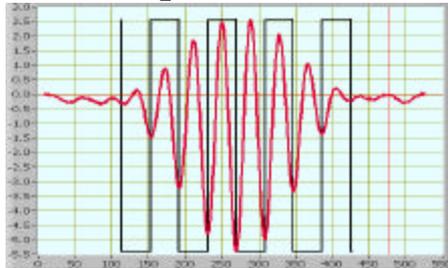
9 cells Cu cavity measurements with:

- 2 High Order Mode (HOM) couplers,
- Main coupler port with matched termination,
- Beam pipes with metal plates,
- Excitation and pick-up from different ports.

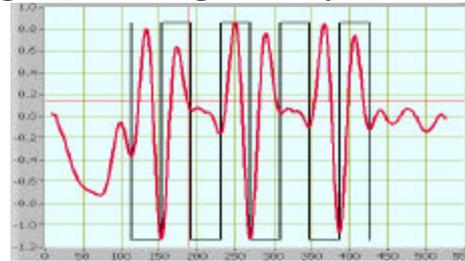
Bead-pull and S-parameter measurements for single cavity and double cavity system.



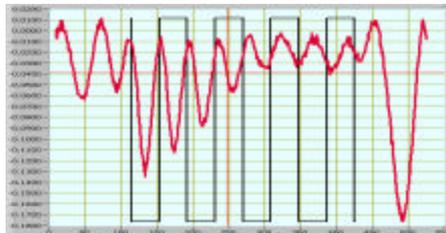
## Dipole modes with high Qext (single cavity).



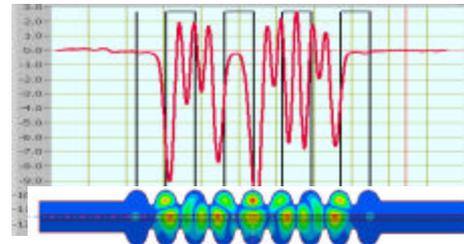
2-nd dipole band "Pi" mode.  
F=5325.2 MHz. Q=14000.



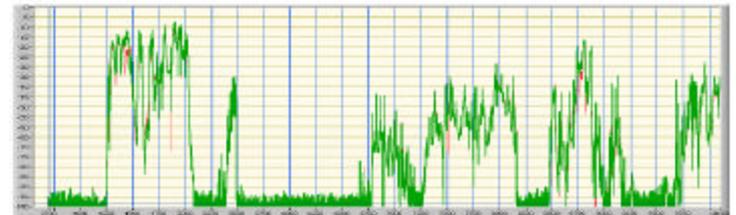
2-nd dipole band "6/9Pi" mode.  
F=5418.7 MHz. Q=11600.



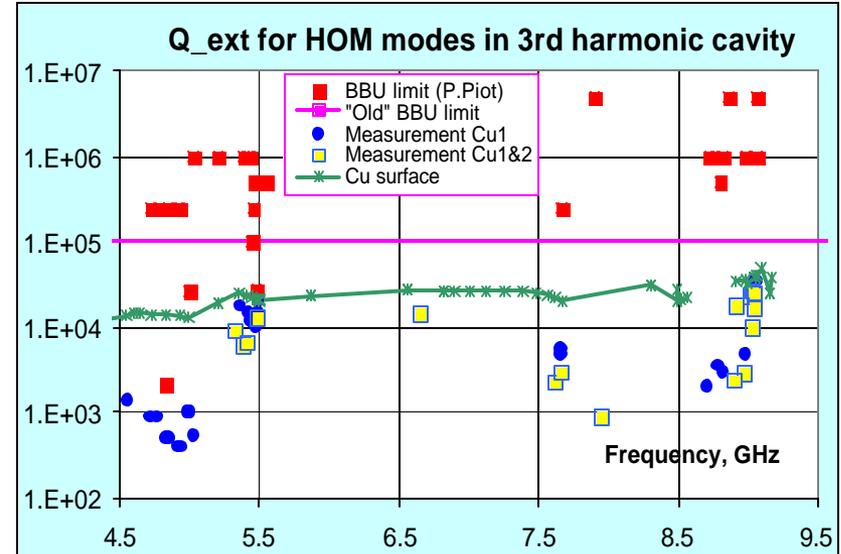
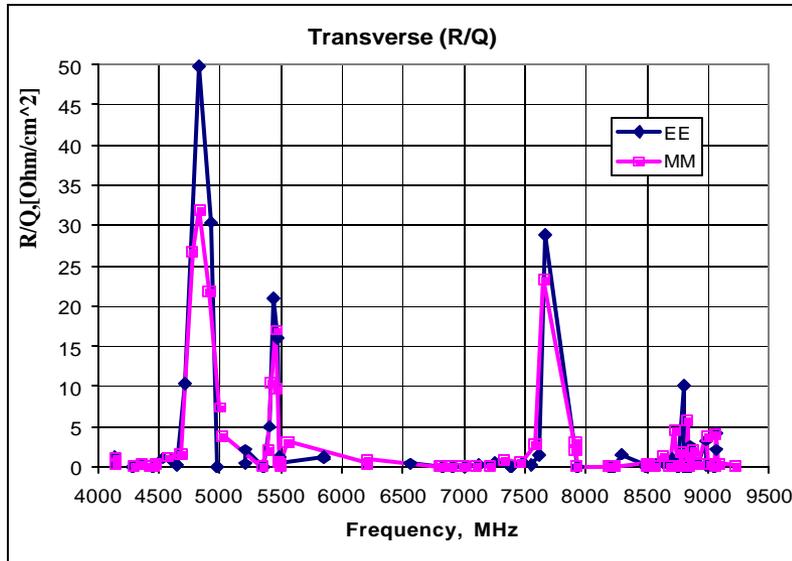
1st dipole band.  
F=4979.6 MHz. Q=2200



5-th dipole band. F=9029.1  
MHz. Q=32000.



# Analysis of the calculations and measurements.



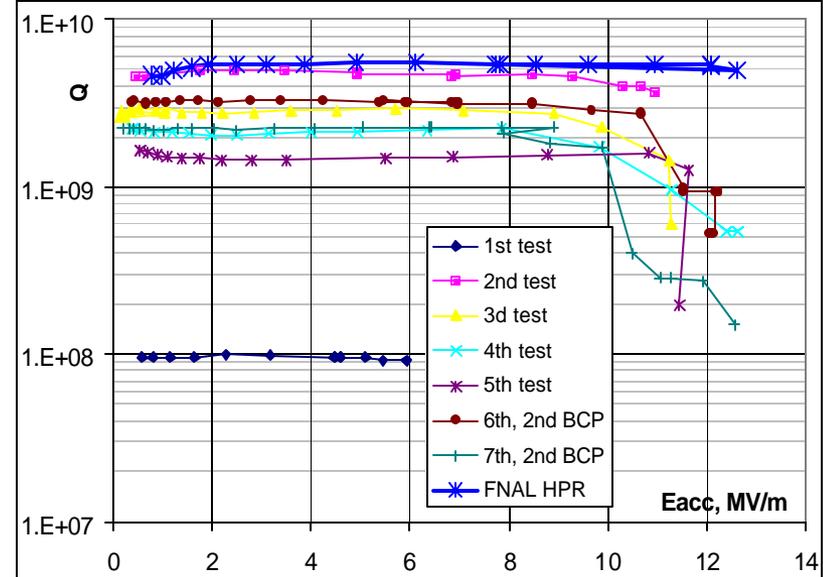
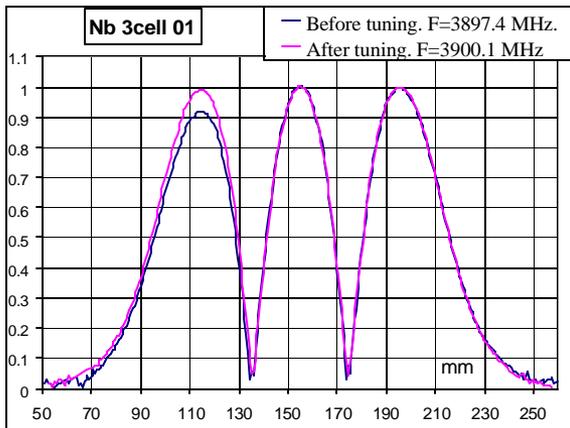
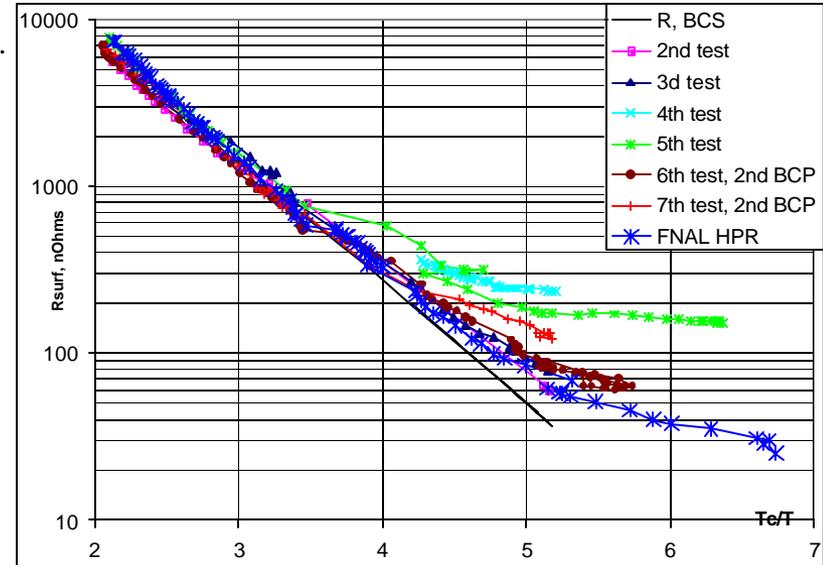
Calculated R/Q (above) and measured Q-value for the dipole modes in a single Cu cavity (blue) or string of two cavities (yellow). Red markers show upper limit for Q, calculated from BBU instability. Measured Q-value is limited by Cu surface resistance (green).

## Summary of HOM studies

- ✓ 1<sup>st</sup> passband – No problem. High R/Q, but all modes are dumped well below BBU limit.
- ✓ 2<sup>nd</sup> – No problem. Only pi-mode has high Q, but low R/Q.
- ✓ 3<sup>rd</sup> – No problem. Dumped well below of the limit
- ✓ 4<sup>th</sup> – No problem. Low R/Q and good damping.
- ✓ 5<sup>th</sup> – Narrow band. Modes are really trapped in cavity (see picture), but most of them have low R/Q. Distribution very sensitive to errors in cell dimensions.

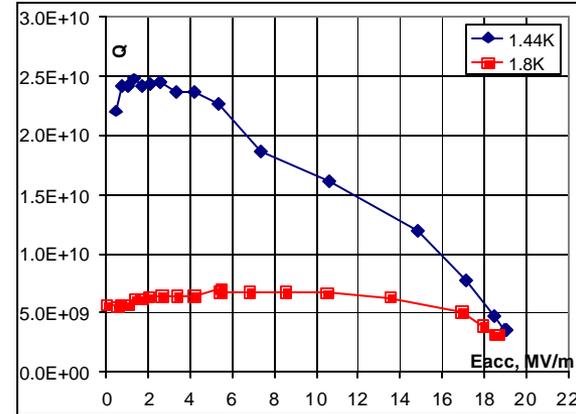
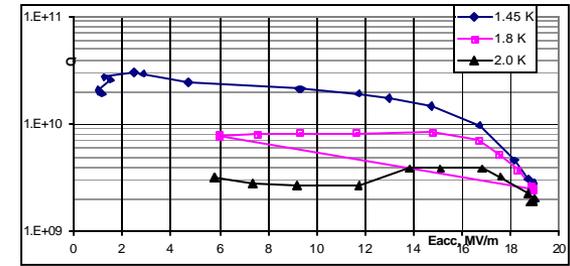
# 3 cell cavity tuning and cold tests.

- Tuning of the cavity to 3.9 GHz. 1<sup>st</sup> cold test before BCP.
- External 20 $\mu$ m BCP. Internal 20  $\mu$ m BCP. Heat treatment 10 hours at 600°C.
- Internal 83 $\mu$ m BCP. High pressure rinsing (HPR) with 1200 psi for 15 min.
- 2<sup>nd</sup> cold test. Rres=40 nOhms. Eacc=11.5 MV/m. Field emission (X-rays).
- 3<sup>rd</sup> cold test. Rres=70 nOhms. Eacc=11.5 MV/m. Field emission (X-rays).
- 4<sup>th</sup> cold test. Rres=200 nOhms. Eacc=12 MV/m. Field emission (X-rays). Degradation of the surface resistance indicates surface cleanliness problem.
- 5<sup>th</sup> cold test. Rres=140 nOhms. Eacc=12 MV/m. Field emission (X-rays).
- Additional internal BCP and HPR at JLAB.
- 6<sup>th</sup> cold test. Rres=50 nOhms. Eacc=12 MV/m. Field emission (X-rays).
- 7<sup>th</sup> cold test. Rres=120 nOhms. Eacc=12 MV/m. Field emission (X-rays).
- 8<sup>th</sup> cold test after 2h HPR at FNAL. Rres=20 nOhms. Eacc=12.5 MV/m. No field emission (X-rays).

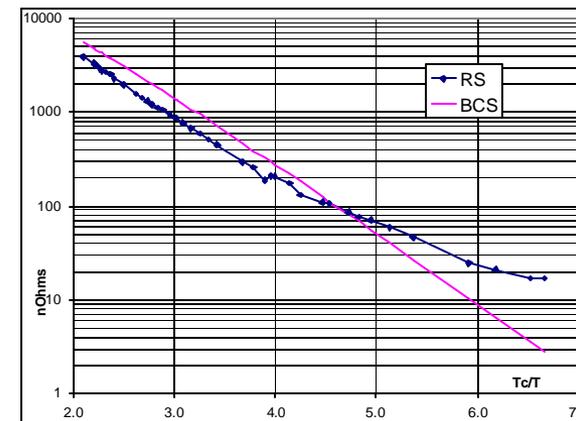


# 3 cell cavity tuning and cold tests.

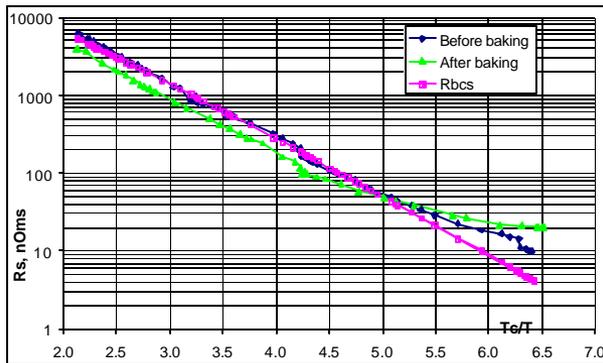
In multiple cold tests, after HPR at FNAL more than 2 hours,  $R_{res} < 20$  nOhms,  $E_{acc}=19\text{MV/m}$  and  $B_{max}=105$  mT repeatedly achieved.



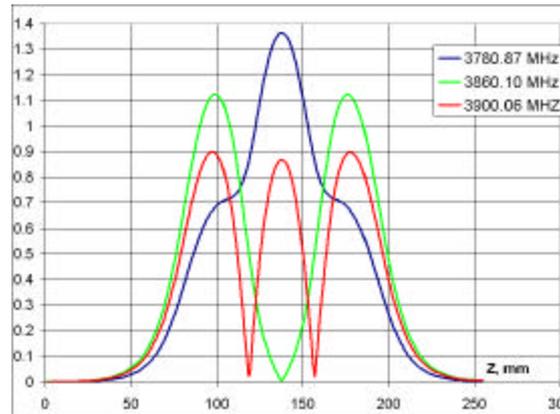
2005.09.08 test. 1.46K test done first. 1.8K test without multipacting and X-rays.



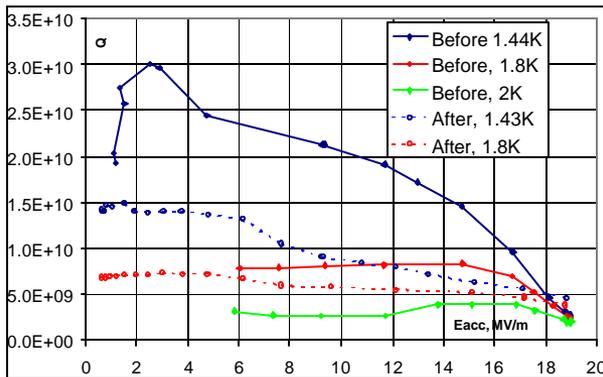
2005.09.30 test.  $R_{res}=14$  nOhms.



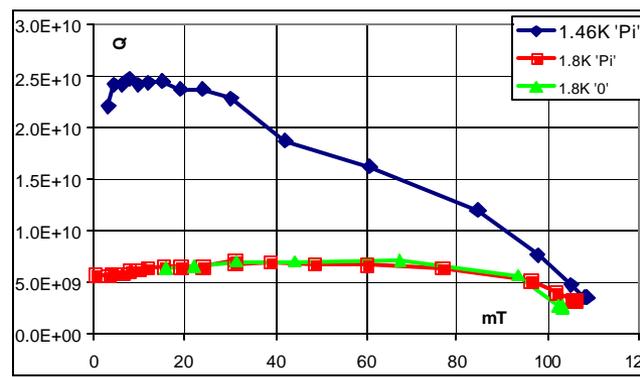
2005.03.31. BCS part after backing lower. Residual part after backing higher.



Electric field in cavity axes.



2005.03.31.  $Q$  vs  $E$  for before and after baking.



2005.09.08. Surface magnetic field. "0" and "Pi" modes.

## History of the 3-cell accelerator cavity.

Where	BCP	HT	HPWR	Test Date	Test results
FNAL	No	No	No	01/21/04	Rres = 2000nW Ea=5.6 MV/m; Hpk(p/0)~30/60 mT
JLAB 02/25/04	Extrn~20mm Int ~140mm	2hrs@500 C 10hrs@600C	JLAB 15'@2 loc	03/17/04 04/19/04	Rres=60nW → 200nW (after FE) Ea=11.5 MV/m; Hpk =60mT; <b>Heavy X-ray</b>
JLAB 06/10/04	Intern: ~30 mm	No	JLAB 30'@3 loc	07/02/04 07/19/04	Rres =70nW→ 130nW (after HG) E=12.5 MV/m, Hpk(pi/0)=70/110mT; <b>X-ray</b>
FNAL 10/10/04	No	No	~1 hrs, movable	10/14/04	R_res=60 nW, E=12.8 MV/m, <span style="color: blue;">No X-ray</span>
JLAB 10/26/04	Intern: 20mm	No	JLAB 90'@7 loc	11/10/04 12/16/04	E= 5MV/m – vacuum leak E=15MV/m coupler problem
FNAL 01/30 /05	Internal: ~5mm	No	~2hrs movable	02/08/05 02/21/05	R_res=6 nW, E=19MV/m, Hpk=105mT, <span style="color: blue;">No X-ray</span>
FNAL 05/25/05	No	48hrs@120C	No	03/31/05	R_res = 16 nW, E=19MV/m, Hpk=105mT, <span style="color: blue;">No X-ray</span>
ANL 06/01/05	1:1:2 12min(15C)	No	FNAL ~2.5hrs	06/09/05	R_res= 58 nW, E=12MV/m, Hpk(pi/0)=62/104mT; <b>X-ray</b>
FNAL 06/25/05	No	→ (HPWR 3hrs after BCP) → No	~6.5 hrs movable	07/05/05	R_res=10nW, E~19MV/m, <span style="color: blue;">No X-ray</span>

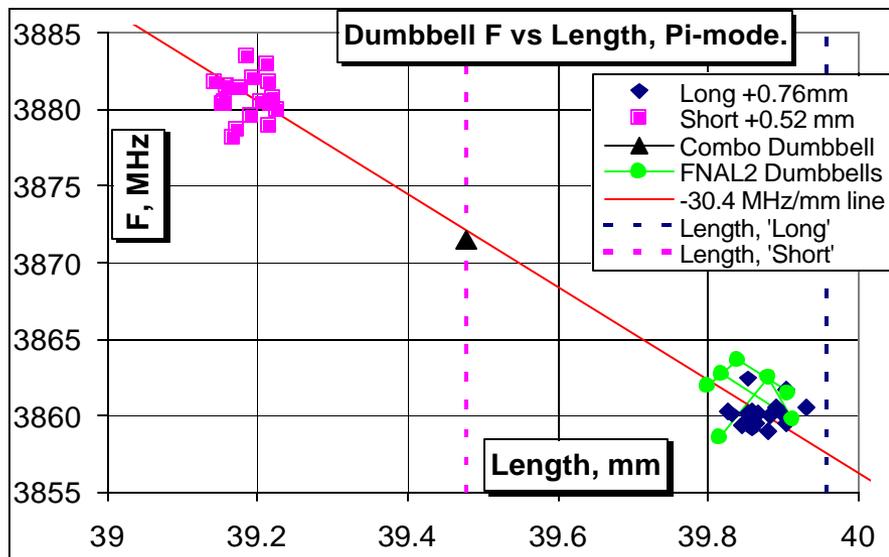
# Half cells and dumbbells RF QC.

RF QC sequence:

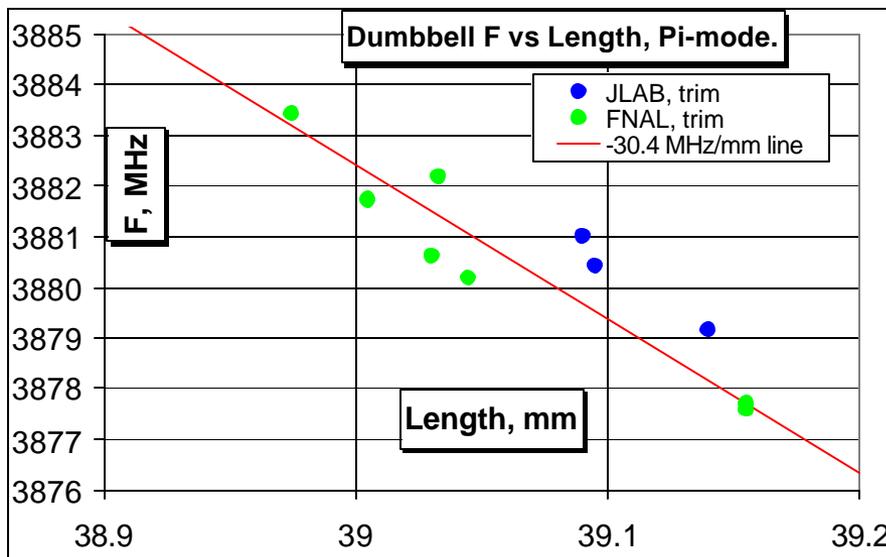
- Half cells frequency measurements
- Trim before welding if  $dF > 5\text{MHz}$ .
- Dumbbell  $F_0$  and  $F_{pi}$  measurements.
- Trim to make equator end flat.
- $F_0$  and  $F_{pi}$  measurements.
- Final trim.



36 JLAB Dumbbells.



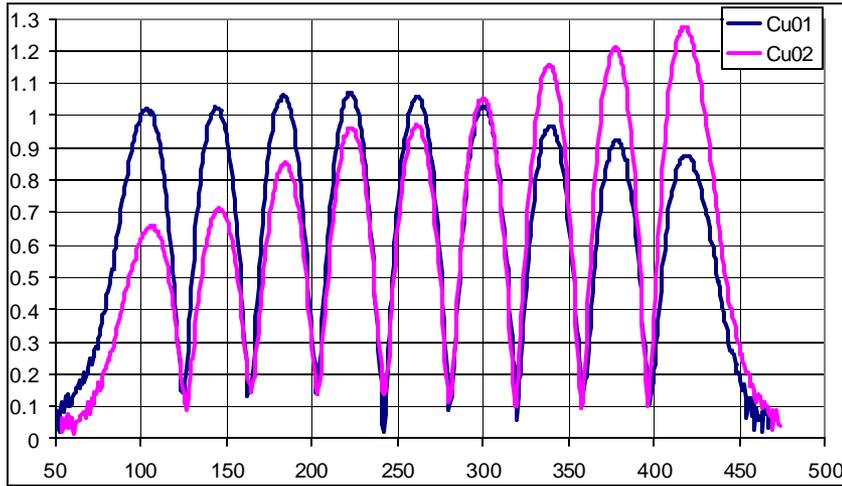
7 FNAL and 36 JLAB Dumbbells after welding.  $dF < 5\text{ MHz}$



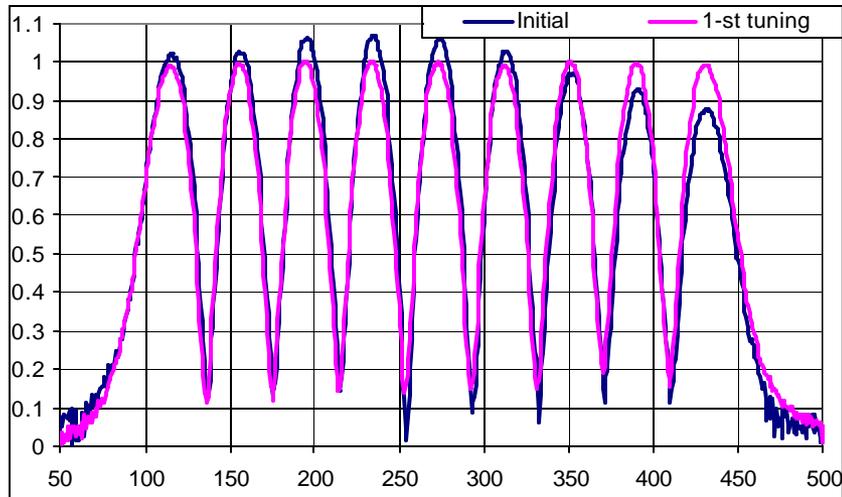
7 FNAL and 3 JLAB Dumbbells after trim.

# Cavity tuning.

2 Cu 9cell cavities tuned. For Nb cavities  $F_0=3900-7.5(\text{cool}+\text{vac.})+13(\text{BCP})=3905.5$  MHz – expected cavity room temperature frequency before BCP.



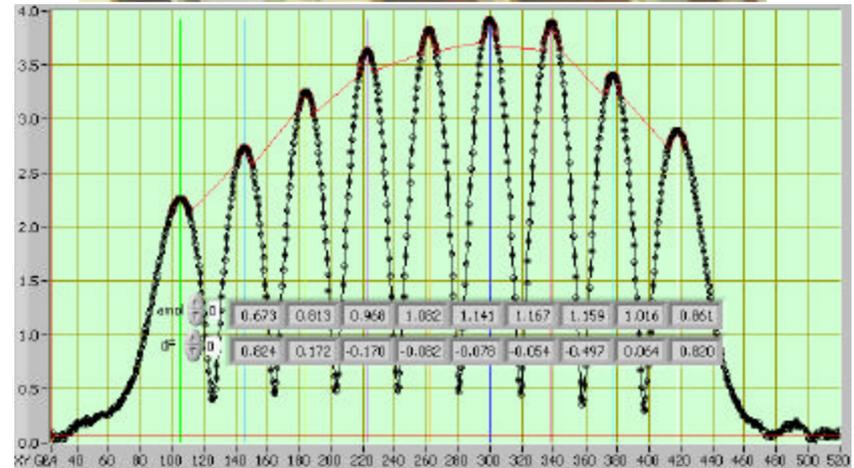
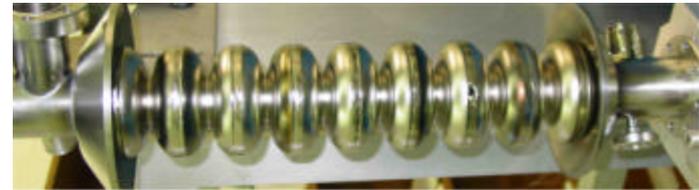
Cu01.  $F=3895.41$  MHz. Cu02.  $F=3908.99$  MHz. After brazing



Cu01 cavity field flatness and frequency tuning.



Tuning tools.



Cell N=7, with hole, about 4 MHz higher frequency.